## What is "Miso "& "Benefit"?

\*Miso is a fermented soybean paste with a salty taste, a buttery texture and a unique nutrition profile that make it a versatile condiment for a host of different recipes, and a foundation for traditional miso soup. In addition to soybeans, miso can include rice, barley or wheat.

**\*\***Miso is made by adding a yeast mold known as koji to soybeans and other ingredients and allowing them to ferment for a period of time ranging from months to years, depending on the specific type of miso being produced. When the fermentation process is completed, the mixture is ground into a paste similar in texture to nut butter.

\*\*\*The color, taste, texture, and saltiness of miso depend on the exact ingredient used and the duration of the fermentation process. Miso can range in color from white to brown. The darker the coloring, the more robust the flavor and saltiness. \*\*\*\*The 6 popular types of Miso are :

1. Hatcho miso ~ made from soybeans only.

2. Kome miso ~ made from white rice and soybeans
3. Mugi miso ~ made from barley and soybeans.
4. Soba miso ~ made from buckwheat and soybeans.

5. Genmai miso ~ made from brown rice and soybeans.

6.Natto miso ~ made from ginger and soybeans. \*\*\*\*\*Miso is a delicious fermented food that has been eaten in Chinese and Japanese for many centuries. Today it is a favorite of health minded people in the West because of its many anti-aging benefits. It can build up the inner ecosystem and assure the digestive tract is amply supplied with beneficial bacteria. These bacteria help digest, synthesize, and assimilate nutrients so necessary for good health and anti-aging. They also strengthen the immune system, keeping it at the ready to fight infection and cancer.